STEM Works

Invenzione [inven-tsjone]

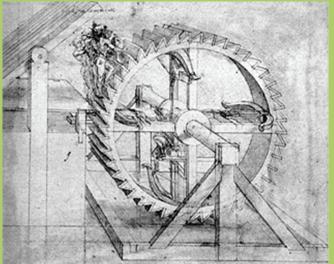
An Invenzione (invention) is a single device or a novel method, process or composition. It is a process within an overall engineering and product development process. It may be an improvement on a machine or product, or a new process for creating an object or a result.

Galileo introduced a geometric and military compass, which helped users perform arithmetic and geometric calculations, including taking square and cube roots.

1300 Alessandro Volta reported the first electric battery, originally called an "artificial electric organ", based on a stack of alternating zinc and silver disks separated by brine soaked cloth.

Luigi Brugnatelli invents electroplating, a manufacturing technique used to create certain metal layers in MMICs/RFICs.

184.4 Innocenzo Manzetti conceives the idea of a telephone. Considered by many as the inventor of the telephone, he is believed to have made one in 1864, as an enhancement to an automaton he built in 1849.



1371 Antonio Meucci files patent caveat No. 3335 in the U.S. Patent Office titled "Sound Telegraph", describing communication of voice between two people by wire.

1895 Guglielmo Marconi proved the feasibility of radio communication sending and receiving the very first radio signal.

1903 Luigi Bezzera invented the espresso machine to speed up the coffee making process and keep hard working engineers fueled up on caffeine for all night work sessions.

1954 Propylene was first polymerized to a crystalline isotactic polymer by Giulio Natta. This pioneering discovery led to large-scale commercial production of isotactic polypropylene by the Italian firm Montecatini from 1957 onwards.

Tederico
Faggin produced the
world's first commercial
integrated circuit using
Silicon Gate Technology

with self aligned MOS transistors while working at Fairchild Semiconductor.

STEM Works recognizes



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